


## Spelling Senses

This is a game for two players. Both players should have the same set of words.

These could come from a spelling list or could be part of your topic vocabulary.

How to play:

1) Player 1 should turn around and let player 2 'write' one of the words on their back using their finger.
2) Player 1 should then try to work out the word that has been written.

- If the player correctly identifies the word, they score one point.
- If they don't guess the word, they score zero points.

3) Not reverse roles, with player 1 'writing' a word on the back of player 2.

You could play until one person scores five points, or play for a fixed amount of time and see who scores the most points.

Extra Challenge:

- When the player guesses the word that has been drawn, they must spell it correctly to get the point.


## My Word Search

Write the six words that you are planning to hide here:


Now write those words in the grid below. Remember to put one letter in each box and fill in the blank spaces with other random letters.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## My Word Search

Write the eight words that you are planning to hide here:
$\square$
Now write those words in the grid below. Remember to put one letter in each box and fill in the blank spaces with other random letters.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Hook a Homophone!

This is a game for two players. You will need:

- A copy of the fishing game board.
- One set of homophone cards. Cut these out, shuffle them up and place them in a pile, face down on the table.
- One coloured pencil (or pen) each.


## How to play

1. The youngest player goes first. Their opponent should pick a card and read the word and example sentence to the player.
2. The player should now try to find the correct version of that homophone on the game board.


- If they choose the correct spelling, they can colour that word using their coloured pencil.
- If they choose the wrong spelling of the word, the other player colours it using their pencil.

3. Next, swap roles so the other player can try to find the correct spelling of the homophone on a new card.
4. Continue playing in this way, taking turns until every word is coloured.
5. The winner is the player with the most coloured words at the end of the game.

In the event of a tie, the winner is the first person to think of a new homophone that is not shown on the game board.

Hook a Homophone!


| brake <br> The brake on my bike isn't working! | for <br> We are looking for some apples. | stair <br> The man struggled to get up the stair. | pair <br> Can I please have a pair of shoes? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| break <br> It's time for a break. | four <br> Four eggs are needed for this recipe. | stare <br> Don't stare at them! | pear <br> Can I eat my pear at break time please? |
| dear <br> Dear Paul. Thank you for your letter. | wear <br> What shall I wear today? | know <br> I know the answer! | plain <br> Get some plain paper please. |
| deer <br> The deer raced across the field. | where <br> Where is the police station? | no <br> No, I will not! | plane <br> The plane flew overhead. |
| weak <br> I'm feeling a little weak today. | hole <br> There is a hole in my shoe. | meat <br> I don't like eating meat. | right <br> Emily is always right. |
| week <br> There are seven days in a week. | whole <br> The whole class were too noisy. | meet <br> Where shall we meet? | write <br> Joseph liked to write stories. |

[^0]
## Compound Connections

This is a game for two players. Each player will need a coloured pencil or pen. The aim is to colour a line of four consecutive words on the grid. Lines can be made horizontally, vertically or diagonally.

1. The youngest player goes first.
2. This player should look at the grid and choose two words that can be joined together to make a compound word (e.g. class+room = classroom or bath+tub = bathtub). They should colour these two words using their coloured pencil or pen.
3. The other player now takes a turn and colours two different words that can be used to make a compound word.
4. Continue playing until one player has coloured four words in a consecutive horizontal, vertical or diagonal line.

In the example here, the red player has coloured class+room, bread+ crumbs and in+door.

The green player has coloured gold+fish and after+noon. They should now try to make a compound word with 'table' or 'way' to block the red player.

To make the game a little easier, try to colour a line of three words instead of four.

$\bigcirc$ Teaching
Dinww.teachingpacks.co.uk



Can you wind your way around the spooky path and be the first to reach the treasure?

You will need:

- Two counters and one die.
- One set of spelling splat cards.


1) Place your counters on the Start box at the spooky gates.
2) Player 1 rolls the die and moves their counter that number of spaces along the path.
3) If a player lands on a green 'Splat' symbol, they should ask a friend to read the word on a spelling splat card.
If the player can spell that word correctly, they can jump two spaces forwards.
If they get the spelling wrong, they should stay where they are.
4) Continue taking turns to roll the die and move the counters. The winner is the first person to reach the treasure at number 50.


| was | paid | hole | me |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| toe | person | score | Kent |
| park | alphabet | full | those |
| August | buzz | morning | grandest |
| skin | join | field | bright |


| jog | past | age | happily |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| most | told | busy | squash |
| penniless | steak | all | cry |
| charge | happiest | move | Monday |
| try | everybody | hummed | fossil |


| extreme | material | forwards | group |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| recent | island | weight | learn |
| purpose | woman | difficult | bicycle |
| occasionally | heard | strange | possible |
| regular | height | remember | ordinary |


| twelfth | mischievous | suggest | variety |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| signature | queue | stomach | vehicle |
| parliament | attached | system | correspond |
| awkward | individual | category | soldier |
| rhythm | shoulder | communicate | convenience |

## Misspelling Spotters!

Can you spot and highlight all twelve spelling mistakes in the text below?
Try competing with a friend to see who will be the first to find them all!


## The Trip to the Zoo

David woke up with grate excitement. It was a beutiful Sunday morning and he was looking forward to spending the day with his frend Kim. They were going to the locel wildlife park. David really hoped they would see a lemur because they were his faverite animals.

David and Kim court the number 44 bus to the wildlife park and bought their tikkets. The man at the kiosk told them that if they hurried, they would be able to wotch the penguins being fed at 10 o'clock. The Humboldt penguins were very funny and ate lots of fish. Their keeper Brian explaned that they also liked to eat squid and they came from South America.

Both teenagers had a wonderful day. They sore plenty of animals and had a pizza for lunch from Zippy's, the restaurant at the park. David was very exsited to see the lemurs and Kim really licked the giraffes. By the time they got home at 5.30, they were both exhausted.


Spell the words correctly in the table below.

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |

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Spell the words correctly in the table below.

| great | beautiful | friend |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| local | favourite | caught |
| tickets | watch | explained |
| saw | excited | liked |

## Misspelling Spotters!

Can you spot and highlight all twelve spelling mistakes in the text below?
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## What is the Water Cycle?

The warter cycle describes the journey that water takes as it gos from the land to the sky and back aggen.

There is a limited amount of water on the Earth, so it goes around and around, being used and reused in menny different ways.

Water collects on the Earth's surface in streems, rivers, ponds, lakes, sees and oceans. The Sun's heat causes sum of this water to evaporate and plants also transpire (losing water from their leaves).

The water vaper condenses when it gets colder in the atmosphere, turning into small droplets of water and resulting in the formation of clowds.

As the clouds move over the land, precipitation falls (in the form of rane, snow, sleet or hail) and so the water returns to the ground.

Some of the precipitation sokes into the ground and gets trapped there (this is called ground water). Some of it runs off the surface of the land, flowing back into streams, rivvers, ponds, lakes, seas and oceans (where it may evaporate again).


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Spell the words correctly in the table below.

| water | goes | again |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| many | streams | seas |
| some | vapour | clouds |
| rain | soaks | rivers |

## Misspelling Spotters!

Can you spot and highlight all twelve spelling mistakes in the text below?
Try competing with a friend to see who will be the first to find them all!

## What does the skeleton do?

Your skeleton acts as a fraimwork, giving your body it's shape. It also supports and protects all of your internal orgens. Without a skeleton, your body would be like a wobbly jelly! To enable you to move, your skeleton is joined together with mussels and joints. Joints are where too bones join together.

## What are bones made from?

Bones are hard on the outside. The outer part of the bone is made from a mineral called calcium and a fibre called collagen. This makes it strong and flexible. However, bones are not solid all the way through. Blood vessels and spongy bone can be fownd inside each bone. At the centre is a soft tissue called bone marrow. Bone marrow is extreemely important because it stores fat and it also makes new blood cells to keep your body helthy.

What are some of the most important bones in the body?
The spine is one of the most important bone structures in your body because it connects your skull to your pelvis and keeps you standing uprite. The spine is made up of 26 bones called vertebrae. Discs of cartilage between each vertebrae make the spine flexible. At the centre of your spine is your spinal cord, which is a complex netwurk of nerves. These are essential for carrying nerve impulses between the brain and rest of your body. The ribs are also attached to the spine and form a protective cage around your hart and lungs.

## What is the skull?

The skull protects your brain. The brain controls the whole body, so it is very importent that it is well protected. The skull is made up of twentytwo bones and the only moveable part in the skull is the lower jaw. This allows you to eat and talk.


Spell the words correctly in the table below.

| framework | its | organs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| muscles | too | found |
| extremely | healthy | upright |
| network | heart | important |

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Spell the words correctly in the table below.

| framework | its | organs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| muscles | too | found |
| extremely | healthy | upright |
| network | heart | important |

# Florence Nightingale 

Circle the misspelled words in each sentence below, and then write the correct spellings on the line provided.

1. Florance Nightingale gained her nickname "The Lady with the Lamp" for her werk as a nerse during the Crimean War.
2. Her work directly improved the healf of millions of peopel around the world, and her ides are still important today.
3. Florence was born into a wealthy famili and named after the sity of her birth, Florence in Itali.
4. From a yong age, Florence felt a calling to work as a nurse, beleiving that God meant this four her.
5. When Florence and her groop of 38 nurses arrived at the hospitel in Scutari, the doctors refussed to work with them.
6. The medicel staff were overwhelmed by the scail of the crisis, and soon acepted the nurses' help.
7. Florence and her teem set about improving the condisions, including setting up laundries and kitchins.
8. Florence was determind to put what she had learnt to good use and prevant such a terrible trajedy from happening again.
9. She became so famouss that when she returned to Britian, she used the name "Miss Smith" to avoed the press.
10. In 1860 Florence realized her dreem and set up a Nursing School, which is today part of King's Colege, London.
11. During her tim in the Crimea, Florence became ceriously ill with an enfection herself.
12. The disease that Florence had contractd in the Crimea meant that she was not strong enuff to work as a nurse when she returnd to England.

Circle the misspelled words in each sentence below, and then write the correct spellings on the line provided.

1. Florance Nightingale gained her nickname "The Lady with the Lamp" for her werk as a nerse during the Crimean War.
A. FLORENCE
B. WORK
C. NURSE
2. Her work directly improved the healf of millions of peopel around the world, and her ides are still important today.
A. HEALTH
B. PEOPLE
C. IDEAS
3. Florence was bom into a wealthy famili and named after the sity of her birth, Florence in Itali.
A. FAMILY
B. CITY
C. ITALY
4. From a yong age, Florence felt a calling to work as a nurse, beleiving that God meant this four her.
A. YOUNG
B. BELIEVING
C. FOR
5. When Florence and her groop of 38 nurses arrived at the hospitel in Scutari, the doctors refussed to work with them.
A. GROUP
B. HOSPITAL
C. REFUSED
6. The medicel staff were overwhelmed by the scail of the crisis, and soon acepted the nurses' help.
A. MEDICAL
B. SCALE
C. ACCEPTED
7. Florence and her teem set about improving the condisions, including setting up laundries and kitchins.
A. TEAM
B. CONDITIONS
C. KITCHENS
8. Florence was determind to put what she had learnt to good use and prevant such a terrible trajedy from happening again.
A. DETERMINED
B. PREVENT
C. TRAGEDY
9. She became so famouss that when she returned to Britian, she used the name "Miss Smith" to avoed the press.
A. FAMOUS
B. BRITAIN
C. AVOID
10. In 1860 Florence realized her dreem and set up a Nursing School, which is today part of King's Colege, London.
A. DREAM
B. COLLEGE
C. REALISED
11. During her tim in the Crimea, Florence became ceriously ill with an enfection herself.
A. TIME
B. SERIOUSLY
C. INFECTION
12. The disease that Florence had contractd in the Crimea meant that she was not strong enuff to work as a nurse when she returnd to England.
A. CONTRACTED
B. ENOUGH
C. RETURNED

13. A human female.
14. Being told about something.
15. Very severe or bad.
16. Something that happens in a set pattern.
17. Something that happens now and again.
18. Something that an object is made from.
19. The reason why something is done.
20. A piece of land that is surrounded by water.
21. Something that happened not long ago.
22. The measurement of how tall something or somebody is.

| height | material |
| :--- | :--- |
| extreme | purpose |
| woman | recent |
| heard | island |
| occasionally | regular |

Can you solve the clues and write the answers in the spiral. Remember to spell them correctly!



1. Gaining new knowledge or skills.
2. A vehicle with two wheels.
3. The opposite of backwards.
4. Normal.
5. Something that can be done.
6. The opposite of easy.
bicycle
weight
ordinary
difficult
remember
7. The amount that something weighs.
8. A number of people or things.
9. Keeping an image or idea in your head.
10. Unusual.

## forwards

group
strange
possible
learn

Can you solve the clues and write the answers in the spiral. Remember to spell them correctly!



Start Here


1. Information about where somebody lives.
2. Something bad that happens and is not expected.
3. Many times.
4. The opposite of backward.
5. Telling someone that you will do something.

| address | medicine |
| :--- | :--- |
| accident | potatoes |
| often | forward |
| complete | promise |
| separate | special |

Can you solve the clues and write the answers in the spiral. Remember to spell them correctly!
6. Something that can treat an illness.
7. Something that is not ordinary.
8. Finished.
9. Something that is on its own.
10. Vegetables that are used to make chips.


Start Here


1. To keep happening.
2. Something that is unlike something else.
3. Relating to a single person or thing.
4. A group of words that expresses an idea.
5. To speak or write about something.

| mention <br> caught <br> continue <br> thought <br> busy | imagine <br> sentence <br> different <br> although <br> particular |
| :--- | :--- |
| Can you solve the clues and <br> write the answers in the spiral. <br> Remember to spell them correctly! |  |

Can you solve the clues and write the answers in the spiral. Remember to spell them correctly!
6. Even though.
7. Spotted doing something wrong.
8. To form a picture in your mind.
9. Working hard or doing something.
10. The act of thinking.



Start Here


1. The opposite of late.
2. The most enjoyed or liked.
3. Different from one another.
4. From one side to the other.
5. Something that is true.
6. A test to find out if something works or is true.
7. To construct something.
8. When you're sure about something.
9. Thinking that something is likely to be true.
10. Physical effort to improve health and fitness.
through
various
build
favourite
early

Can you solve the clues and write the answers in the spiral. Remember to spell them correctly!


| $G$ | $U$ | $L$ | $A$ | $R$ |  |  | $O$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Set 3


Set 5


| R | D | I | N | A |  |  | Y |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\bigcirc$ | W | E | 1 | G | G | H | T | 0 |  |
| S | T | B | E |  |  |  | G | S |  |
| D | L | M | G |  |  |  | R | S | A |
| $R$ | U | E | N | A |  | R | 0 |  |  |
| A | C | M | E | R |  | P | U | B | N |
| W | 1 | F | F |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R | 0 | F | E | L |  | C | Y | C |  |

Set 4

Set 6

s
1

$\begin{array}{ll} \\ & \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}$


Start Here


1. Causing trouble in a playful way.
2. Joined.
3. A repeated pattern of sound.
4. The group of people who make the laws.
5. The way you sign your name.
6. The one after the eleventh.
7. A line of people.
8. A single person or thing.
9. Difficult to do or use.
10. The upper joint of a person's arm.

| queue | individual |
| :--- | :--- |
| signature | attached |
| mischievous | shoulder |
| rhythm | parliament |
| twelfth | awkward |

Can you solve the clues and write the answers in the spiral. Remember to spell them correctly!


Start Here


1. To match or have a similarity.
2. The digestive organ in the body.
3. An assortment of something.
4. A person who serves in an army.
5. A system for dividing things.
6. Being able to do something without difficulty.
7. A set of things working together.
8. A machine that is used for transport.
9. To mention an idea.
10. Sharing information with others.


Can you solve the clues and write the answers in the spiral. Remember to spell them correctly!


S
1


Start Here


1. Causing great damage.
2. To happen or take place.
3. A group of people who make decisions.
4. Heartfelt.
5. Often.
6. Relating to the body.
7. A burial ground.
8. Fixed or certain.
9. Awake or thinking.
10. An advantage that a person has.

| cemetery | occur |
| :--- | :--- |
| sincere | disastrous |
| committee | conscious |
| physical | definite |
| privilege | frequently |

Can you solve the clues and write the answers in the spiral. Remember to spell them correctly!



Start Here


1. $10 \times 4$
2. To give up something.
3. To make someone do or believe something.
4. To make someone feel nervous or uncomfortable.
5. A person's sense of right or wrong.
6. A disagreement or argument about something.
7. To carry out successfully.
8. Very old.
9. A person who does something for enjoyment, not money.
10. A person who works in an office.
secretary
achieve
conscience
amateur
forty
persuade sacrifice ancient embarrass controversy

Can you solve the clues and write the answers in the spiral. Remember to spell them correctly!



1. Something that an object is made from.
2. Very severe or bad.
3. A piece of land that is surrounded by water.
4. Being told about something.
5. Something that happened not long ago.
6. The measurement of how tall something or somebody is.
7. A human female.
8. Something that happens in a set pattern.
9. Something that happens now and again.
10. The reason why something is done.
regular
extreme
recent
island
material
heard
height
woman purpose occasionally

Can you solve the clues and write the answers in the spiral. Remember to spell them correctly!

Set 1


Set 3


Set 5


Year 5/6

Set 2


Set 4


Set 6


## Alphabet Races

Can you write the words below in alphabetical order? Try competing with a friend to see who can write them in the correct order first!

| air |
| :---: |
| ariow |
| award |
| ache |
| also |
| ager |
| apron |
| and |

Set 1 - Words beginning with $A$

## Alphabet Races

Can you write the words below in alphabetical order? Try competing with a friend to see who can write them in the correct order first!

| try |
| :---: |
| trick |
| three |
| two |
| track |
| tap |
| town |
| text |
| top |


|  |
| :--- |
|  |
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|  |

## Alphabet Races

Can you write the words below in alphabetical order?
Try competing with a friend to see who can write them in the correct order first!

| confusion |
| :---: |
| hesitation |
| invention |
| decision |
| completion |
| television |
| invasion |
| injection |
| action |
| division |



## Alphabet Races

Can you write the words below in alphabetical order?
Try competing with a friend to see who can write them in the correct order first!

## custom-built

well-known

## part-time

father-in-law
middle-aged
good-looking
well-liked

## ten-metre

## twenty-one

## sugar-free

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

How many words can you make using the letters shown on the Anagramasaurus? Write them all below.

## Anagramasaurus

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |

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Write them all below.


[^0]:    © Teaching ${ }^{\text {and }}$ www.teachingpacks.co.uk

